



Summary of national reports

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All national reports submitted to the ERO Secretariat are available in their entirety on the ERO website

http://erodental.org/

Changes in association

Elections: Austria, Czech Republic, Cyprus, Estonia, France, Germany, Netherlands, Portugal, Turkey, Spain, Switzerland,

Enlargement of the board: Denmark

Estonia:

discussions about: need to change limited possibility to prescribe medicines by dentists.

Certification of competencies for dentists

Development of professional standards for dental assistants

Amalgam separators to be introduced 2018

Israel:

commercial organisations are opening clinics and provide non ethical treatments

Kyrgyz Republic: Health Service Ministry has plans to unite independent (autonomic) dental clinics to family medicine centres

Switzerland: Immigration of dentists from the EU is still strong. 5014 recognised diplomas from EU compared to 5550 members of the Swiss dental society shows how serious the problem is.

Cyprus:

Program of continuing professional development of dentists has been implemented. Minimum of 15 modules of education per year

Bulgaria: The BgDA is now in charge to control the

continuous education

Denmark: Ministry of Health and the Elderly was demerged in 2 ministries with 2 ministers

Italy (ANDI): A «Network ANDI» is being created to intercept and manage the integrative dental health.

Portugal: Submission procedures trough electronic platform for specialities of oral surgery, Periodontology and paediatric dentistry was concluded

Spain: Unauthorized practice of the profession is a major problem. Mainly with the dental technicians which leads to problems between the two professional associations.

There is a plethora of professionals. 34'500 1'900 students but still no numerus clausus

Although there are regulations for health advertising, these are often not respected specially by macro clinics

After a agreement with scientific societies, specialities should be created but due to legal issues the process is paralysed

United Kingdom: NHS is planning to introduce a new Dynamic Purchasing System for orthodontic procurement in the South of England. The BDA has big concerns about this.

France: Dental assistants are now registered with the public health code and the profession becomes paramedic but without the possibility of self-entrepreneurship

Albania: New system to select students for public universities

Austria:

trend driven by government to replace medical (dental) offices with «primary health centres» where several practitioners work together. These offices could be owned by investors that are not doctors or dentists

Poland:

the prices for dental services for children (payed by the public payer) were raised.

Azerbaijan: Public dental clinics were privatised

Bulgaria:

almost all laws concerning medicine and dental medicine have been changed but the BgDA managed to keep the positive texts and positions

Denmark: Authorities published new guidelines for the use of antibiotics.

Authorities introduced proactive inspections of all clinics, public and private

Slovenia: A new law on health care system is expected with unknown impact on the profession

Turkey: Focus on community oriented oral and dental health care and make it equally accessible to everyone

Number of employed dentists is increasing every year, now getting equal to private dentists

Switzerland: in the French speaking part there are initiatives to be voted for a mandatory dental insurance which would totally change the profession and reduce the personal responsibility of the patients.

The Swiss dental society is fighting with all means against it.

Netherlands: Ministry of health proposed a change so that dental hygienists can administer local anaesthesia, treat primary caries and take dental x-rays independently without prescription or order from a dentist

The royal dental association strongly opposes and is in contact with the ministry to discuss the risks involved

United Kingdom: A major government consultation on health and social care regulation is expected for later this year, which could change significantly the way dental professionals are regulated in the long term. There is no detailed information on this consultation yet.

The UK's finance minister confirmed a levy of 18 and 24p per liter for sugary drinks with more than 5 grams per 100ml and 8g per 100ml respectively. The government committed to spending £1b from this levy on school sport and healthy eating initiatives.

Estonia:

Endless negotiations with politicians about terms of providing reimbursement.

Negotiations concerning law of health insurance

Collaboration in the process of renewing the law on radiation protection

France: after long negotiations with health insurance for treatments that are covered by the insurance for a fix price, no agreement could be found. The ministry of health ordered an arbitration procedure which proposed a reimbursement which is even inferior to the proposal of the insurance. This is of course not acceptable and the ADF will appeal.

Austria: EU decided to abolish existing quota for Austrian students studying in Austria. Since access to universities is easier in Austria than in other EU countries there will be even more foreign students studying in Austria

Estonia: EDA realizes the need to start educating dental assistants

Switzerland: All universities have implemented geriatric dental medicine in the curriculum for dental students

Kyrgyz Republic: Some universities change educational standards closer to the European (Swiss) model

Slovakia: A new legislation about the compulsory system of education for health workers is planned and in the phase of negotiations.

A new legislation about recognition of education in third states was adopted.

Applicants must pass exam and a language exam as well.

Denmark: savings on education is an issue. DDA is discussing a mandatory postgrad internship in order to obtain right to independent authorisation

United Kingdom: In England, postgraduate dental education is largely funded by Health Education England. They have announced that it will need to make significant cuts to staffing, which will affect the provision of education to dentists and their teams.

Portugal: PDA has reinforced the continuous

education program with a lot of hands on

courses

Slovenia: Continuing education is becoming

mandatory. The credit points are needed for

renewal of licence.

Spain: Course offering for continuous education has

been increased by 23 %

Poland:

Law has been adopted that 12 month supervised internship is needed to obtain the full right to practice the profession.

The chamber also appealed to the minister of health not to increase the number of students.

Azerbaijan: due to transition to Bologna system some changes in the curricula have been made.

Germany: There will be a new regulation about dental training. The GDA (BZÄK) welcomes the reform. Specially the:

re-weighting in direction of prevention, therapy and old age dentistry.

stronger integration into the medical field reinforcement of practical preventive training in preclinical study.

Promotion of the quality of practical training admission of an internship

France:

Court of Appeal ordered the CLESI association to discontinue its courses in the field of dentistry.

Unfortunately, a new institution called the "Ecole Supérieure d'Etudes Médicales" (Medical School) immediately took over proposing for the dental curriculum, 2 years in Dublin in French, followed by 3 years in Porto or Lisbon in Portuguese language.

Albania: free services in public clinics

Austria: the fees for dental treatment inside social

security system were raised by 1,31%

Kyrgyz Republic: Insurance support is very low 0,5 USD per citizen

Estonia:

revision of the list of dental procedures and fees. The new fees have been introduced.

The calculated fees are not really cost related.

There will be new contracts with dental clinics concerning this financial change

Poland:

Minister of health announced plans to reform and shift from an insurance type to a budgetary type of financing

Azerbaijan: public health insurance only covers emergencies in public institutions

Slovakia: the compulsory health insurance will be extended to children of foreigners who legally work, reside and pay their insurance in Slovakia

Bulgaria: Patients over 18 received one more new health service in their mandatory health insurance package

Migrants are treated according health

Migrants are treated according health insurance law

Denmark: Health authority suddenly changed the clinical guidelines for control intervals so high risk patients are only reimbursed when intervals are longer than 3 months.

DDA initiated a media offensive which created political discussions

Cyprus:

A general health insurance scheme has not been implemented yet but is expected to be in 2018

Portugal: Ministry of health with PDA's help implemented public tender for creation of 13 primary healthcare services.

Voucher for kids with special needs at age 7,10,13 years

World Oral Health Day



Albania, Azerbaijan, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Israel, Italy, Kyrgyz Republic, Poland, Portugal, Slovakia, Slovenia, The Netherlands, United Kingdom



Thank you for your attention